### **STATES OF JERSEY**



# RATIFICATION OF THE AGREEMENT FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

Lodged au Greffe on 23rd December 2010 by the Chief Minister

#### **STATES GREFFE**

#### **PROPOSITION**

#### THE STATES are asked to decide whether they are of opinion -

to ratify the Agreement for the exchange of information relating to tax matters between the Government of Jersey and the Government of the Republic of Turkey as set out in the Appendix to the Report of the Chief Minister dated 16th December 2010.

**CHIEF MINISTER** 

#### **REPORT**

## Agreement to be entered into with the Republic of Turkey for the exchange of information relating to tax matters

1. The States are asked to ratify the signed Agreement to be entered into with the Republic of Turkey for the exchange of information relating to tax matters attached as an appendix to this report.

#### **Background**

- 2. In February 2002 Jersey entered into a political commitment to support the OECD's tax initiative on transparency and information exchange through the negotiation of tax information exchange agreements with each of the OECD Member States.
- 3. In April 2009, following the G20 Summit in London, the OECD published a progress report on the jurisdictions implementing the internationally agreed tax standards of transparency and information exchange. Jersey was included in the list of jurisdictions that have substantially implemented the internationally agreed tax standard what has become known as the "white list" alongside countries such as the United Kingdom, the United States, Jersey, France, Japan etc.
- 4. Since April 2009 subsequent G20 Summits have encouraged further progress in agreeing, implementing and abiding by the necessary international agreements. Since early 2009, over 500 agreements have been signed, where previously only some 45 agreements had been entered into that complied with the current internationally agreed tax standards.
- 5. To be included on the OECD "white list" in April 2009 Jersey needed to have signed 12 Tax Information Exchange Agreements (TIEAs) that met the international standards. Since that date further agreements have been signed or have been negotiated to the point where they are ready for signing. The latest position in respect of the overall programme of TIEA negotiations is attached as an Appendix to this report.
- 6. In September 2009 the Global Forum on Transparency and Information Exchange for Tax Purposes, a body of which over 90 jurisdictions are members, established a peer review process to assess compliance with the international standards. To oversee this process a Peer Review Group has been set up chaired by France with 4 Vice-Chairs from India, Japan, Singapore and Jersey.
- 7. The Peer Review process is made up of 2 phases. Phase 1 is concerned with an assessment of the laws and regulations in place, and involves an assessment of whether these are sufficient to meet the international standards. All of the Global Forum members will be assessed in this respect over a 3 year period from March 2010. Phase 2 is concerned with assessing the effectiveness with which the standards are being applied. A number of countries, of which Jersey is one, have volunteered to be assessed for both Phase 1 and Phase 2 within the first 3 year period. An onsite visit took place at the beginning of June with assessors from the Global Forum Secretariat, Denmark and Bermuda, and a

draft report on the assessment was considered by the Peer Review Group at the end of November. The draft report, which remains confidential, will be considered by the Global Forum at its meeting at the end of May 2011, and if adopted it will then be published.

#### The Agreement with the Republic of Turkey

- 8. The Tax Information Exchange Agreement entered into with the Republic of Turkey is a continuation of the ongoing programme of signing TIEAs or DTAs with all OECD and G20 member countries.
- 9. Attached as an Appendix to this report is
  - (a) The tax information exchange agreement which is consistent with agreements signed previously with other countries.

The agreement provides for the exchange of information on tax matters on request. However that request has to be formulated in writing in the greatest detail possible. There can be no "fishing expeditions". The agreement will come into force once the parties to the agreement have ratified it, and any necessary legislative steps have been taken;

- (b) A memorandum of understanding between the competent authorities of the Republic of Turkey and the Government of Jersey which refers to the allocation of costs.
- 10. In the negotiation of all the TIEAs signed and ratified to-date, the Council of Ministers has had regard for the views of industry which are very supportive of the programme of TIEA/DTA negotiations in which the Council of Ministers is engaged. The Agreement with Turkey is an important step in the development of an economic relationship with Turkey that is seen by industry as a future source of business opportunities for the Island.

#### **Procedure for Signing and Ratifying the TIEA**

- 11. The Agreement with the Republic of Turkey was signed by the Assistant Chief Minister on 24th November 2010 in accordance with the provisions of Article 18(2) of the States of Jersey Law 2005 and para 1.8.5 of the Strategic Plan 2006 2011 adopted by the States on 28th June 2006. The agreement is now being presented to the States for ratification following which it will be published, entered into the official record and Regulations will be made for the Agreement to enter into force when the domestic procedures of both parties have been completed.
- 12. The States on the 29th January 2008 adopted the Taxation (Exchange of Information with Third Countries) (Jersey) Regulations 2008. The Schedule to these Regulations lists the third countries, and includes the taxes covered by the agreements being entered into. As further agreements are entered into, the Regulations need to be amended to include in the schedule the jurisdiction and the taxes concerned. The necessary Regulations to provide for the inclusion in the schedule of the Republic of Turkey and the relevant taxes will be

- presented to the States for adoption in due course subsequent to the ratification of the Agreement.
- 13. The ongoing programme of negotiating agreements with OECD and G20 members is continuing to enhance the Island's international personality, and generally is helping to engender a more favourable view of the Island amongst the international community. Turkey is a G20 Member and Jersey has signed, initialled or completed negotiations with 16 of the 19 G20 countries.
- 14. There are no implications for the financial or manpower resources of the States arising from the ratification and implementation of the agreement with the Republic of Turkey.

16th December 2010

#### **AGREEMENT BETWEEN**

#### THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

#### AND

#### THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY

#### FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS

Whereas the Government of the Republic of Turkey and the Government of Jersey (the Parties) wish to enhance and facilitate the exchange of information relating to taxes;

Whereas it is acknowledged that the Government of Jersey has the right under the terms of its Entrustment from the UK to negotiate, conclude, perform and subject to the terms of this Agreement terminate a tax information exchange agreement with the Government of the Republic of Turkey;

Now, therefore, the Parties have agreed to conclude the following agreement which contains obligations on the part of the Parties only.

#### Object and Scope of the Agreement

The competent authorities of the Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Parties concerning taxes of every kind and description imposed on behalf of the Parties, or of their political subdivisions or local authorities, insofar as the taxation thereunder is not contrary to the Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment, and collection of such taxes, the recovery and enforcement of tax claims, or the investigation or prosecution of tax matters. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.

#### Article 2

#### Jurisdiction

A requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession of or in the control of or obtainable by persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

#### Article 3

#### **Taxes Covered**

The taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are taxes of every kind and description imposed by the laws of the Parties.

#### **Definitions**

- 1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined, the term:
  - a) "Turkey" means the Turkish territory including territorial sea and air space above it, as well as the maritime areas over which it has jurisdiction or sovereign rights for the purpose of exploration, exploitation and conservation of natural resources, pursuant to international law;
  - b) "Jersey" means the Bailiwick of Jersey, including the territorial sea;
  - c) "competent authority" means;
    - i) in the case of Turkey, the Minister of Finance or his authorized representative;
    - ii) in the case of Jersey, the Treasury and Resources Minister or his authorized representative;
  - d) "person" includes a natural person, a legal person or any body or group of persons;
  - e) "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
  - f) "publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold "by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
  - g) "principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;
  - h) "recognised stock exchange" means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Parties;

- i) "collective investment fund or scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term "public collective investment fund or scheme" means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed "by the public" if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- j) "tax" means any tax to which the Agreement applies;
- k) "requesting Party" means the Party requesting information;
- I) "requested Party" means the Party requested to provide information;
- m) "information gathering measures" means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Party to obtain and provide the requested information;
- n) "information" means any fact, statement, document or record in any form whatever;
- o) "criminal tax matters" means tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the requesting Party;
- p) "criminal laws" means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes;
- q) "party" means Turkey or Jersey as the context requires.
- 2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the laws of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

#### **Exchange of Information Upon Request**

- 1. The competent authority of the requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the requested Party needs such information for its own tax purposes or the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the requested Party if such conduct occurred in the territory of the requested Party. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall only make a request for information pursuant to this Article when it is unable to obtain the requested information by other means, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty.
- 2. If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, the requested Party shall use all information gathering measures necessary to provide the requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.
- 3. If specifically requested by the competent authority of the requesting Party, the competent authority of the requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.
- 4. Each Party shall ensure that its competent authorities for the purposes specified in Article 1 and in accordance with Article 2 of the Agreement, have the authority to obtain and provide upon request:
  - a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity including nominees and trustees;

- b) (i) information regarding the legal and beneficial ownership of companies, partnerships, and other persons, including ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain;
  - (ii) in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees, protectors and beneficiaries;
  - (iii) in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries; and
  - (iv) in the case of collective investment schemes, information on shares, units and other interests;

provided that this Agreement does not create an obligation on either Party to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.

- 5. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall provide in writing the following information to the competent authority of the requested Party when making a request for information under the Agreement to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:
  - a) the identity of the person under examination or investigation;
  - b) the period for which the information is requested;
  - c) the nature of the information requested and the form in which the requesting Party would prefer to receive it;
  - d) the tax purpose for which the information is sought;

- e) grounds for believing that the information requested is held by the requested Party or is in the possession of or in the control of or obtainable by a person within the jurisdiction of the requested Party;
- f) to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in the possession of or in the control of or able to obtain the requested information;
- g) a statement that the request is in conformity with the laws and administrative practices of the requesting Party, that if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the requesting Party then the competent authority of the requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice and that it is in conformity with this Agreement;
- h) a statement that the requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.
- 6. The competent authority of the requested Party shall acknowledge receipt of the request to the competent authority of the requesting Party and shall use its best endeavours to forward the requested information to the requesting Party with the least reasonable delay.

#### **Tax Examinations Abroad**

- 1. By reasonable notice given in advance, a Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the other Party to enter the territory of the first-mentioned Party to interview individuals and examine records with the prior written consent of the persons concerned. The competent authority of the second-mentioned Party shall notify the competent authority of the first-mentioned Party of the time and place of the intended meeting with the individuals concerned.
- 2. At the request of the competent authority of one Party, the competent authority of the other Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the first-mentioned Party to be present at the appropriate part of a tax examination in the second-mentioned Party.
- 3. If the request referred to in paragraph 2 is acceded to, the competent authority of the Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the other Party about the time and place of the examination, the authority or official designated to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the first-mentioned Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions with respect to the conduct of the tax examination shall be made by the Party conducting the examination.

#### Possibility of Declining a Request

- 1. The competent authority of the requested Party may decline to assist
  - a) where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement;
  - b) where the requesting Party has not pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty; or
  - c) where the disclosure of the information requested would be contrary to the public policy of the requested Party.
- 2. This Agreement shall not impose upon a Party any obligation to provide items subject to legal privilege as provided for under the domestic law of the relevant Party, or any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process, provided that information described in Article 5, paragraph 4 shall not by reason of that fact alone be treated as such a secret or trade process.
- 3. A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax claim giving rise to the request is disputed.
- 4. The requested Party shall not be required to obtain and provide information which the requesting Party would be unable to obtain under its own laws for the purpose of the administration or enforcement of its own tax laws or in response to a valid request made in similar circumstances from the requested Party under this Agreement.
- 5. The requested Party may decline a request for information if the information is requested by the requesting Party to administer or enforce a provision of the tax law of the requesting Party, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the requested Party as compared with a national of the requesting Party in the same circumstances.

#### Confidentiality

- 1. All information provided and received by the competent authorities of the Parties shall be kept confidential.
- 2. Such information may not be used for any purpose other than the purposes stated in Article 1 without the prior express written consent of the competent authority of the requested Party.
- 3. Such information shall be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) concerned with the purposes specified in Article 1 and used by such persons or authorities only for such purposes, including the determination of any appeal. For these purposes, information may be disclosed in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions.
- 4. The information provided to a requesting Party under this Agreement may not be disclosed to any other jurisdiction.

#### Costs

Unless the competent authorities of the Parties otherwise agree, ordinary costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the requested Party, and extraordinary costs in providing assistance (including costs of engaging external advisers in connection with litigation or otherwise) shall be borne by the requesting Party. The respective competent authorities shall consult from time to time with regard to this Article, and in particular the competent authority of the requested Party shall consult with the competent authority of the requested Party shall consult with respect to a specific request are expected to be significant.

#### Article 10

#### Implementation Legislation

The Parties shall enact any legislation necessary to comply with, and give effect to, the terms of the Agreement.

#### Article 11

#### **Mutual Agreement Procedure**

- 1. Where difficulties or doubts arise between the Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of the Agreement, the competent authorities shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.
- 2. In addition to the agreements referred to in paragraph 1, the competent authorities of the Parties may mutually agree on the procedures to be used under Articles 5, 6 and 9.

- 3. The competent authorities of the Parties may communicate with each other directly for the purposes of reaching agreement under this Article.
- 4. The Parties may also agree on other forms of dispute resolution should this become necessary.

#### **Entry into Force**

- 1. This Agreement is subject to ratification, acceptance or approval by the Parties, in accordance with their respective laws. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be exchanged as soon as possible.
- 2. This Agreement shall enter into force and have effect on the 30<sup>th</sup> day next following the date of receipt in writing of the later of these notifications referred to above. Upon the date of entry into force it shall have effect;
  - a) for criminal tax matters on that date; and
  - b) for all other matters covered in Article 1 on that date, but only in respect of taxable periods beginning on or after that date or, where there is no taxable period, all charges to tax arising on or after that date.

#### **Termination**

- 1. This Agreement shall remain in force until terminated by a Party. Either Party may terminate the Agreement at any time after the Agreement enters into force, provided that at least six months prior notice of termination has been given in writing to the competent authority of the other Party.
- 2. If the Agreement is terminated the Parties shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 8 with respect to any information obtained under this Agreement.

In witness whereof, the undersigned, being duly authorised in that behalf by their respective Governments, have signed the Agreement.

Done at London this 24 th day of November 2010, in duplicate, in the Turkish and English languages, both texts being equally authentic.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

Mehmet ŞİMŞEK  $\rho \rho$  Minister of Finance

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FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY

Paul ROUTIER
Assistant Chief Minister

# MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY AND

## THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY CONCERNING

# THE INTERPRETATION OR APPLICATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY AND THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY ON THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS

The Minister of Finance of the Republic of Turkey and the Treasury and Resources Minister of Jersey ("the competent authorities"), desiring to facilitate the exchange of information with respect to taxes, have reached the following understandings:

- 1. With respect to paragraph 6 of Article 5 (*Exchange of Information Upon Request*) of the Agreement, it is understood that the competent authority of the requested Party shall forward the requested information as promptly as possible to the requesting Party. To ensure a prompt response, the competent authority of the requested Party shall:
  - a) Confirm receipt of a request in writing to the competent authority of the requesting Party and shall notify the competent authority of the requesting Party of deficiencies in the request, if any, within 60 days of the receipt of the request.
  - b) If the competent authority of the requested Party has been unable to obtain and provide the information within 90 days of receipt of the request, including if it encounters obstacles in furnishing the information or it refuses to furnish the information, it shall immediately inform the requesting Party, explaining the reason for its inability, the nature of the obstacles or the reasons for its refusal.
- 2. With respect to Article 9 (Costs) it is understood that:
  - a) The term "extraordinary costs" includes, but is not limited to:
    - reasonable costs of reproducing and transporting documents or records to the competent authority of the requesting Party;

- reasonable fees charged by a financial institution or other third party record keeper for copying records and research related to a specific request for information;
- (iii) reasonable costs for stenographic reports and interviews, depositions or testimony;
- (iv) reasonable fees and expenses, determined in accordance with amounts allowed under applicable law, of a person who voluntarily appears in Turkey or in Jersey for an interview, deposition or testimony relating to a particular information request;
- (v) reasonable legal fees for non-government counsel appointed or retained, with the approval of the competent authority of the requesting Party, for litigation in the courts of the requested Party related to a specific request for information;
- b) The term "ordinary costs" includes, but is not limited to, ordinary administrative, postal and overhead expenses incurred by the requested Party in reviewing and responding to information requests submitted by the requesting Party.
- c) The extraordinary costs amounting to £ 500 (five hundred sterling pounds) shall be borne by the requested Party. If the extraordinary costs exceed the aforementioned amount, only the exceeding part shall be borne by the requesting Party. However, in such a case, the competent authority of the requested Party will contact the competent authority of the requesting Party to determine whether the requesting Party wants to pursue the request.
- d) The competent authorities will consult, if necessary, after the date the Agreement enters into force, and upon request of either competent authority thereafter, with respect to costs incurred or potentially to be incurred under the Agreement and with a view to minimizing such costs.
- 3. Formal communications, including requests for information, made in connection with or pursuant to the provisions of the agreement entered into will be in writing directly to the competent authority of the other party at the addresses given below, or such other address as may be notified by one party to the other from time to time. Any subsequent communications regarding requests for information will also be in writing between the earlier mentioned competent authorities or their authorized representative.

In the case of the Government of the Republic of Turkey the address is:

Ministry of Finance

The Presidency of Revenue Administration

İlkadım Cad, 06450 Dikmen/Ankara

TURKEY

In the case of the Government of Jersey the address is:

Minister of Treasury and Resources

PO Box 353

Cyril Le Marquand House

The Parade

St Helier

Jersey JE\$ 8UL

4. This Memorandum of Understanding will come into effect on the entry into force of the TIEA.

- 5. The competent authorities may jointly decide, in writing, to amend this Understanding at any time. Amendments to the Understanding will come into effect on the date of the final letter confirming the amendment.
- 6. This Memorandum of Understanding will remain in effect until terminated at any time in writing, by either competent authority.

DONE at London in duplicate this 24 th day of November 2010, in the English and Turkish languages, both texts being equally authentic.

FOR THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

Mehmet ŞİMŞEK Minister of Finance

FOR THE TREASURY AND RESOURCES MINISTER OF JERSEY il. Certis

Paul ROUTIER **Assistant Chief Minister** 

#### **STATES OF JERSEY**

#### A. TAX INFORMATION EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (TIEAs)

#### 1. TIEAs signed

Countries	<b>Date</b>	Ratified by	Ratified by other	Entry into
	Signed	<u>Jersey</u>	<u>Party</u>	<b>Force</b>
USA	Nov. 2002	May 2006	Nov. 2002	23 May 2006
Netherlands	June 2007	Feb. 2008	Dec. 2007	1 March 2008
Germany	July 2008	Jan. 2009	July 2009	28 Aug. 2009
Sweden	Oct. 2008	March 2009	Nov. 2009	23 Dec. 2009
Norway	Oct. 2008	March 2009	Sept. 2009	7 Oct. 2009
Iceland	Oct. 2008	March 2009	Oct. 2009	3 Dec. 2009
Finland	Oct. 2008	March 2009	Dec. 2008	3 Aug. 2009
Denmark	Oct. 2008	March 2009	March 2009	6 June 2009
Greenland	Oct. 2008	March 2009	March 2009	6 June 2009
Faroes	Oct. 2008	March 2009	June 2009	21 Aug. 2009
U.K.	March 2009	July 2009	Nov. 2009	27 Nov. 2009
France	March 2009	July 2009	July 2010	11 Oct. 2010
Ireland	March 2009	July 2009	April 2010	5 May 2010
Australia	June 2009	Nov. 2009	Jan. 2010	5 Jan. 2010
New Zealand	July 2009	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	27th Oct. 2010
Portugal	July 2010	Sept. 2010	(1st Half 2011)	(1st Half 2011)
People's Republic of	Oct.2010	(early 2011)	(1st Half 2011)	(1st Half 2011)
China				
Turkey	Nov. 2010	(early 2011)	(1st Half 2011)	(1st Half 2011)
Mexico	Nov. 2010	(early 2011)	(1st Half 2011)	(1st Half 2011)

Note: dates in brackets are the expected dates based on latest information from the country concerned.

#### 2. TIEAs initialled/agreed ready for signing:

- Argentina
- Brazil
- Canada
- Indonesia
- India
- Italy
- Republic of Korea
- South Africa

- 3. TIEAs where negotiations are well advanced with a draft agreement exchanged:
  - Czech Republic
  - Greece
  - Japan
  - Spain
- 4. Jurisdictions contacted from which there has been a positive response and/or initial action has been taken:
  - Hungary
  - Luxembourg
  - Poland
  - Russia
  - Switzerland
- 5. Jurisdictions approached but from whom a formal response is awaited:
  - OECD Member States;
    - Austria
    - Slovak Republic
  - G20 Member States;
    - Saudi Arabia

#### **B. DOUBLE TAXATION AGREEMENTS (DTAs)**

- 1. DTAs signed:
  - Malta –

signed 25th January 2010 ratified by Malta February 2010 ratified by Jersey June 2010 in force – 19th July 2010

• Estonia -

signed 21st December 2010

- 2. DTAs where negotiations are well advanced:
  - Bahrain
  - Belgium
  - Qatar

Enquiries concerning the above should be directed in the first instance to Colin Powell, Adviser – International Affairs in the Chief Minister's Department.

Tel: 44(0)1534 440414; E-mail: c.powell@gov.je

> Colin Powell Adviser – International Affairs

> > 21st December 2010