



**OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR
GENERAL**

**HANDLING AND LEARNING FROM
COMPLAINTS
08 JULY 2020**

R.67/2020

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Summary

Introduction

1. Effective management of complaints from members of the public about public bodies can:
 - provide valuable information about weaknesses in programmes of work, policies and service delivery;
 - stimulate improvement;
 - reassure the public that an organisation is committed to resolving problems; and
 - enhance accountability and transparency.
2. Poor handling of complaints can:
 - fail to produce learning and improvement;
 - lead to repetition and in some cases exacerbation of the underlying issue;
 - damage an organisation's reputation; and
 - impact on an organisation's relationship with the public and other stakeholders.
3. In Jersey, the Administrative Decisions (Review) (Jersey) Law 1982 established a Complaints Panel from which a Board can be drawn to consider complaints against Ministers, Departments and those acting for them. Boards consider complaints in public, report their findings publicly and may recommend reconsideration of a matter. Following a report by the Jersey Law

Commission in 2017, *Improving Administrative Redress in Jersey*, the States Assembly voted in favour of a Proposition (P.32/2018), agreeing in principle that in place of the Complaints Panel there should be an Ombudsman and called for further research to be carried out. In November 2018 the Jersey Law Commission published another report, *Designing a Public Services Ombudsman for Jersey*, identifying and examining options for an Ombudsman and making recommendations. In July 2019 the States launched a 12-week island-wide consultation so that islanders could give their views on the proposed Ombudsman.

4. My predecessor, in her December 2019 report *Governance – a Thinkpiece*, supported the establishment of a Public Services Ombudsman for Jersey. The establishment of a Public Services Ombudsman, with wide powers reflecting modern legislation in other jurisdictions, sends an important message about transparent, accountable services that embrace feedback and a commitment to improve.
5. The vast majority of complaints are dealt with within Government and do not reach a Complaints Panel and so are unlikely to reach an Ombudsman. Historically, there has been evidence of poor management of such complaints:
 - in her September 2018 report, my predecessor highlighted the time taken to respond to and the lack of evidence of learning and sharing from complaints; and
 - Government departments have been the subject of some highly critical findings from the Complaints Boards that appear to reflect issues in engaging with the public. For example, its August 2018 report a Board upheld a complaint about processing a planning application.

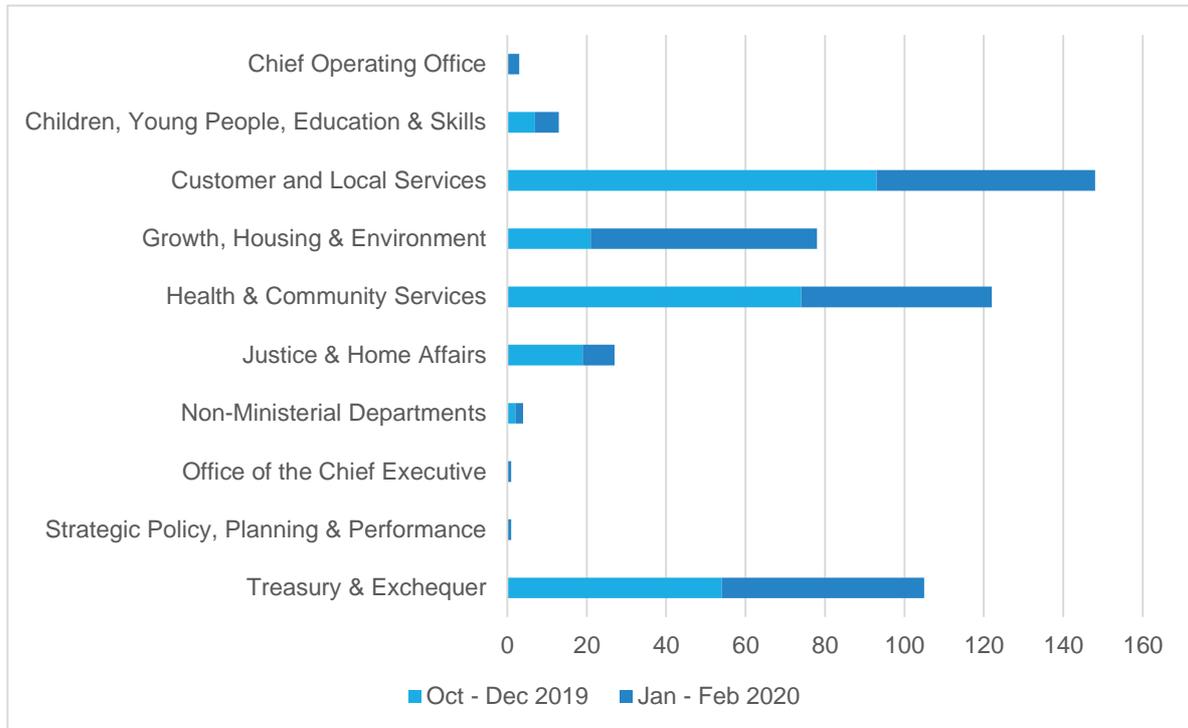
6. At its June 2018 meeting the then Executive Management Board discussed the issues as it saw them with the arrangements in place for managing feedback from the public. These included that:
 - each department had adopted a different process with varying levels of success – there was not a single, shared policy;
 - there was a fragmented and inconsistent response to customer feedback; and
 - for customer complaints in particular, there were no agreed standards for:
 - quality and speed of response;
 - identifying, recording and analysing complaints; and
 - co-ordinating service improvement.
7. In the context of a wider focus on customers and the development of a Customer Strategy, the Executive Management Board decided to develop a Customer Feedback Policy, with a key focus on improving the approach to managing complaints from the public. This was also, in part, a response to the Independent Jersey Care Inquiry report published in July 2017 that recommended a new system that could be easily accessed and in which children and young people could have confidence. The Director General of Customer and Local Services was charged with leading a project to establish a single, standardised approach to managing customer feedback.
8. The new Customer Feedback Policy recognises three distinct stages in handling complaints (see Exhibit 1).

Exhibit 1: New Customer Feedback Policy: stages in complaints handling

Stage	Characteristics	Timescale
1. Frontline resolution by any member of staff receiving complaint	The majority of cases should be resolved at this stage: for issues that are straightforward and easily resolved requiring little or no investigation. Complaints at this stage still recorded so trends and actionable insight possible.	Up to 5 working days
2. Where investigation is required / complex cases – team leader / manager	This stage is for issues that have not been resolved at the frontline or require further investigation or are complex /serious /high risk.	Up to 10 working days (from Stage 2 being initiated)
3. Escalation to Director General	If the issue is still not resolved after stage two or the customer is not satisfied with the outcome.	Up to 10 working days from Stage 3 being initiated.

9. The Government of Jersey has collated statistics on complaints since October 2019 after the launch of the Customer Feedback Policy. In the five months from October 2019 to February 2020 it recorded a total of nearly 450 complaints (see Exhibit 2).

Exhibit 2: Recorded Complaints October 2019 to February 2020



Source: Government of Jersey monthly reports

Note 1: Figures for Health and Community Services exclude February 2020

Note 2: Figures for Non-Ministerial Departments include only complaints raised on the Government of Jersey system

Note 3: Figures for Children, Young People, Education & Skills do not include complaints relating to schools

Key findings

10. The key findings from my review are as follows:

- the Government of Jersey has prepared and adopted a Customer Feedback Policy that, in most respects, meets the requirements of best practice;

- responsibility for the management of complaints rests mostly with designated officers within departments, with a small corporate team providing an element of co-ordination but without a defined supervisory role;
- a Customer Feedback Management System has been introduced that captures information on complaints across Government;
- a single online channel is now established so that customers can submit feedback, including complaints, about any Government service. Currently more than half of customer feedback is received via that channel;
- other than guidance on the use the Customer Feedback Management System, there are no standardised corporate procedures to support the implementation of the Customer Feedback Policy. Departments rely on their own procedures that have not been updated consistently to reflect the Customer Feedback Policy;
- as noted by my predecessor in her 2019 report *Non-Ministerial Departments*, there has not always been adequate consideration of the adaptations to corporate activities, including modernisation initiatives, necessary to secure their relevance to Non-Ministerial Departments. While some Non-Ministerial Departments contributed to the development of the Customer Feedback Policy by commenting on draft versions and through participation in workshops, many report a lack of clarity on the terms of their involvement;
- some corporate information on complaints is being generated by the Customer Feedback Management System and shared with the Executive Leadership Team and departmental management. However, the information is limited, in part because of systems limitations, and no

information is captured and reported systematically to measure the efficiency and effectiveness of the complaints handling process; and

- the ‘tone from the top’ has emphasised the importance of complaints as an integral part of public service provision. However, a consistent shared culture of valuing and learning from complaints is not yet embedded.

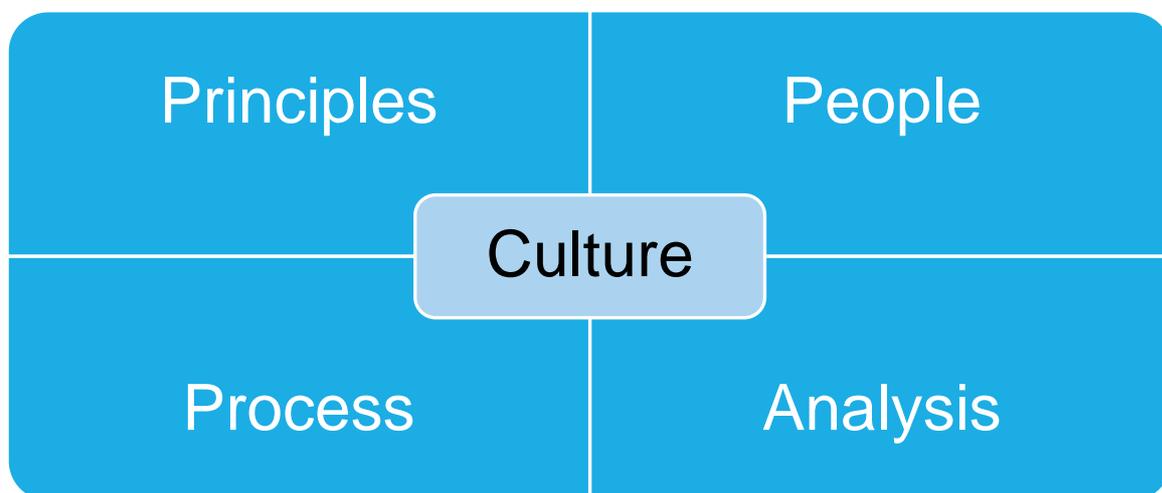
Conclusions

11. The Government has taken important steps to improve complaints handling. The adoption of a Customer Feedback Policy, investment in a Customer Feedback Management System, recruitment of a corporate team and designation of departmental staff have shown a commitment to improving complaints handling.
12. More work is required to secure consistent handling of and learning from complaints. In particular, there is a need for a focus on:
 - ensuring that the staff handling complaints are people with the right skills, experience, training and supervision;
 - ensuring that there are appropriate processes, consistently applied, to facilitate the delivery of the Customer Feedback Policy;
 - ensuring that the Customer Feedback Management System is developed where necessary and its capacity fully used; and
 - maximising the value that can be secured from the analysis of complaints and their handling.

Objectives and scope of the review

13. The review has evaluated:
- the design and operation of the Government's current arrangements for handling and learning from complaints; and
 - the design of proposed changes in the arrangements for handling and learning from complaints.
14. In undertaking the review I focussed on key areas that drive effective complaints management (see Exhibit 3). In high performing organisations the principles, people and process for complaints handling and the analysis of complaints are underpinned by a culture that values complaints.

Exhibit 3: Handling and learning from complaints: areas of focus



Source: Adapted from: Australian Commonwealth Ombudsman *Better Practice Guide to Complaint Handling*: five elements of effective complaint handling

15. The review has not extended to:

- a detailed review of the work of the Complaints Panel or Ministerial responses to Complaints Board findings;
- the work of the Police Complaints Authority; or
- Arm's Length Organisations.

Detailed findings

Principles

16. Clear, appropriate principles for complaints handling are a pre-requisite for effective complaints management.
17. The new Customer Feedback Policy reflects many elements of best practice (see Exhibit 4). There are, however, some areas where there is scope for development, especially in relation to:
 - responding to particular needs and vulnerable complainants. I recognise that a post-implementation review is planned in this area; and
 - complaints relating to more than one service provider, whether in the context of a contracted-out service or a complaint that relates to the Government and another public sector body.

Exhibit 4: New Customer Feedback Policy

Area	Best Practice	Evaluation of Government of Jersey Policy	Areas for focus
Fairness - Impartiality	Complaints handled on merits. Full and objective evaluation of evidence. Treat fresh complaints from previous complainant on merits. Complaint about staff member should be investigated by a different person. Complaints material should include a statement of guarantee that a complainant will not be victimised or suffer negative treatment because they have made a complaint.	Best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy.	

Area	Best Practice	Evaluation of Government of Jersey Policy	Areas for focus
Fairness - Confidentiality	<p>Legislative requirements complied with. Information about complaint stored on separate system. Restricted access. Disclosure of identity or personal details only where necessary to other staff. Disclosure of personal information only for purposes necessary. Acceptance of anonymous complaints with explanation of implications. Special measures to ensure whistleblowers' complaints received and handled in confidence.</p>	<p>Most elements of best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy.</p> <p>Separate Whistleblowing Policy covers instances where serious concerns about any aspect of the Government's work is raised, whether by staff or third parties.</p>	
Fairness - Transparency	<p>Communication of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • process for complaints handling; • contact number and preferably name; • delays with explanation; • outcome with reasons if complaint not upheld; and • opportunity to respond or seek internal review. 	<p>Best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy.</p>	
Accessibility - Awareness	<p>Communication of complaints system in different ways, including communication to dissatisfied customers.</p> <p>Communication must cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • how a complaint is submitted; • timeliness standards for handling; • limitations on jurisdiction; • options if complainant is 	<p>Most elements of best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy. The launch was supported by a comprehensive, multi-media public communications plan.</p>	<p>Making clear that there is no financial charge falling on complainants for consideration of a complaint.</p>

Area	Best Practice	Evaluation of Government of Jersey Policy	Areas for focus
	<p>dissatisfied;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no financial charge; • encouragement to complain if dissatisfied or aggrieved; • confidentiality; and • complaints are valued. <p>Complaints information readily accessible on website and not buried.</p>	<p>Management reports that in the first four months of 2020, 54% of customer feedback has been recorded via the new online form.</p>	
<p>Accessibility - Access</p>	<p>Range of options including at least phone, email and post. Contact options clearly identified and easy to use. Encouragement to raise issues orally. Consideration of barriers to making complaints.</p>	<p>Best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy.</p>	
<p>Responsiveness - particular needs and vulnerable clients</p>	<p>Addressing cultural barriers, including provision of information in other languages and access to an interpreter.</p> <p>Facilities for hearing and vision impaired. Staff willing to explain complaints approach to those with reading difficulties.</p> <p>Flexibility to respond to complaints from the vulnerable e.g. willingness to deal with a guardian, friend, advocate or other person who acts on behalf of a complainant.</p>	<p>Most elements of best practice reflected in Customer Feedback Policy.</p>	<p>Consistent information in languages other than English.</p> <p>Evaluating the impact of the policy on engaging with those with particular needs and vulnerable clients in the planned post-implementation review.</p>
<p>Responsiveness - unreasonable behaviours by complainants</p>	<p>Professional approach, including support for staff.</p>	<p>Best practice reflected in the Customer Feedback Policy.</p>	

Area	Best Practice	Evaluation of Government of Jersey Policy	Areas for focus
Efficiency	Proportionate approach. Speedy resolution. Progress reporting to facilitate escalation. Written guidelines on complaints handling. Quality assurance of written guidelines.	Best practice reflected in the Customer Feedback Policy	
Integration - within an organisation	Treat as core business. Ensuring that all staff are potentially involved in resolving complaints.	Best practice reflected in the Customer Feedback Policy.	
Integration - between organisations	<p>Consideration of the way complaints handling systems can be integrated, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • complaint staff should be fully informed of activities that interact with those of other organisations; • exchange of information about complaint handling; • consideration of procedure for complaints referral; • easy identification of staff and employing organisation. Where organisations work together, consideration of joint publication of information about how to complain or of creating a joint process for handling complaints; and • if functions of a government agency are outsourced to a non-government organisation, contract should stipulate how complaints from clients will be handled and reported (individually 	Customer Feedback Policy in this area is aspirational.	<p>Development of corporate arrangements for complaint handling relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contracted out service providers; and • Complaints that relate to more than one public body.

Area	Best Practice	Evaluation of Government of Jersey Policy	Areas for focus
	or periodically) to the organisation, including provision for receiving and investigating complaints against the contractor.		

Source: Best practice adapted from: Australian Commonwealth Ombudsman *Better Practice Guide to Complaint Handling*: five elements of effective complaint handling

Recommendations

- R1** Include in the planned post-implementation review consideration of solutions to the current barriers to access, including for:
- children and young people;
 - people with sensory disabilities;
 - those whose first language is not English; and
 - those with learning and reading difficulties.
- R2** Explicitly state in the Customer Feedback Policy and in relevant literature and communications that there is no charge for complaints handling.
- R3** Develop and agree a corporate process so that departments can obtain assurance that:
- contracted out service providers have an accessible and comprehensive complaints management process;
 - contracted out service providers and departments have a shared understanding of the scope and responsibilities of each other’s complaints processes; and

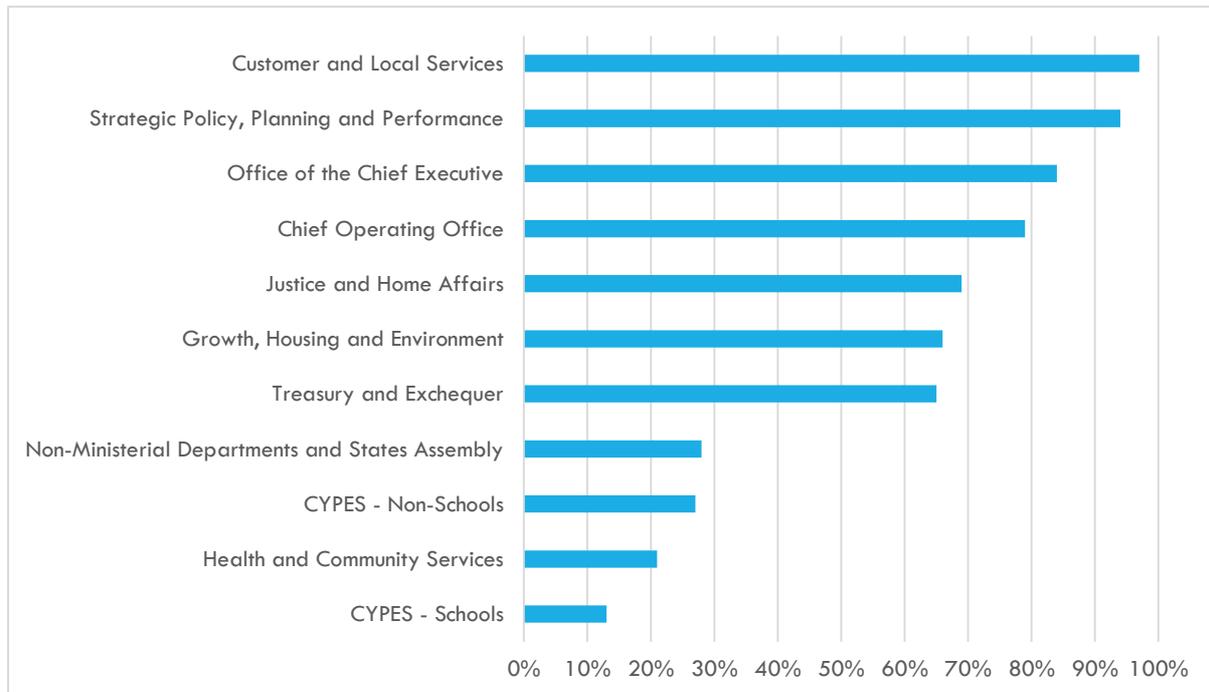
- there are mutually agreed approaches to handling complaints relating to more than one public body, including coverage of information exchanges, joint working and monitoring the effectiveness of handling such complaints.

People

18. Good complaints handling relies on the engagement and use of staff with the right skills, experience, training and supervision to deal directly with complaints as well as a wider awareness of complaints management amongst all staff in an organisation.
19. The model adopted by the Government of Jersey involves:
 - a small corporate team in Customer and Local Services comprising a Customer Feedback Manager and Head of Customer Experience specifically recruited to relevant posts. Officers have advised that this was enabled by restructuring the department; and
 - designation of Departmental Feedback Managers and Section Feedback Managers who have a key role to perform in handling complaints. The process of identification of staff to perform these roles on an ongoing basis has in some cases been slower than was planned.
20. The effectiveness of these arrangements has been hindered by:
 - the absence of clear role descriptors for departmental staff performing a key role in complaints handling. Such role descriptors aid identification of the right staff to assume these roles. They also provide a basis for identifying the training and other support needed by departmental complaints staff and aid in evaluation of performance in complaints handling. Work is ongoing to develop such descriptors but there is no clear plan for completion of the work;

- the absence of a clear, documented structure for corporate training and support for departmental complaints handlers. A programme of support for Departmental Feedback Managers and training on handling difficult complaints is planned. A series of meetings where Departmental Feedback Managers can propose the support they require was scheduled but has been postponed due to the Covid-19 pandemic; and
 - the absence of clear, documented arrangements for oversight of departmental complaints handlers. There is no explicit role for the corporate team in Customer and Local Services and no use of data from the Customer Feedback Management System to monitor the performance of departmental complaints handlers. This increases the risk of complaint handling that is not in accordance with the Customer Feedback Policy.
21. The Government has recognised that, although some staff will focus on complaints, all staff have a role to play in the management of complaints and that wide understanding of corporate policies and processes is vital. The Government has therefore developed mandatory on-line training on the Customer Feedback Policy for all staff, including agency staff. However:
- there is no corporate policy on whether volunteers should undertake the training; and
 - take-up of training has been variable across departments (see Exhibit 5). Differences may be attributable to access to computers to undertake the training.

Exhibit 5: Take-up of mandatory corporate complaints training by department as at January 2020



Source: OneGov Customer Feedback Q4 2019 presentation to ELT (February 2020)

Note 1: NMDs means 'Non Ministerial Departments'

Note 2: CYPES means 'Children, Young People, Education and Skills'

Recommendations

- R4** Develop and adopt a common role description for key departmental staff involved in handling complaints.
- R5** Develop, agree and implement corporate arrangements for support, including training for and oversight of departmental complaints handlers.
- R6** Develop, adopt, roll out and monitor compliance with corporate standards for promoting awareness of complaints handling processes for volunteers.
- R7** Identify barriers to take-up of mandatory on-line training and take appropriate corrective action.

Process

22. In high performing organisations consistent implementation of corporate principles is facilitated by clear, accessible processes covering all stages of complaints handling, namely:
- initial communication;
 - assignment and setting priority;
 - planning how to investigate a complaint;
 - investigating the complaint;
 - providing a response to the complainant;
 - providing the opportunity for a complainant to obtain more information about the handling of a complaint or to challenge a decision; and
 - considering whether a complaint identifies systemic issues.
23. The Government has developed and rolled out a corporate Customer Feedback Management System to log and capture information about the handling of complaints. However, it has not developed comprehensive corporate procedures to support the handling of complaints. Those dealing with complaints are therefore dependent on departmental procedures. Where these exist they have not, in all cases, been updated to reflect the Customer Feedback Policy.
24. There is therefore an increased risk of both inconsistency and inefficiency in complaints handling. In particular, there is an increased risk that:
- complaints are not appropriately assessed at the outset and the right resources assigned to the investigation;

- short, written plans for handling complaints are not prepared, increasing the risk that they are not handled promptly;
 - fair, evidence-based procedures are not consistently adopted in investigating complaints;
 - responses are not fit for purpose. For example, they may not systematically give clear reasons for decisions, cover all elements of a complaint or routinely offer complainants the opportunity to seek a review of a complaint;
 - complaints are not escalated when it is appropriate to do so;
 - complaints that raise 'serious concerns' about the Government and therefore fall within the scope of its Whistleblowing Policy rather than the Customer Feedback Policy, might incorrectly be considered under the Customer Feedback Policy; and
 - interim findings are not routinely communicated in the context of complaints that are taking longer to investigate.
25. The Customer Feedback Management System has for the first time provided a corporate system for capturing data about complaints. However, its value has been limited by:
- the absence of an ability to capture, at the outset, details of the remedy being sought by the complainant; and
 - the absence of a structured way of capturing findings from complaints. At the moment, free text is used which inhibits the identification of systemic issues.
26. There is limited corporate oversight of departmental complaints handling processes. In particular:

- there is no corporate review of departmental processes to provide assurance that they are consistent with the Customer Feedback Policy; and
- there is no corporate monitoring of departmental compliance with the Customer Feedback Policy in key areas such as confidentiality.

Recommendations

R8 Develop, adopt and roll out operating procedures and model documentation to support application of the Customer Feedback Policy covering:

- initial contact;
- complaint assessment and assignment of priority;
- planning of the complaint investigation;
- securing fairness in the investigation;
- complaint response;
- review of complaints; and
- identification of systemic issues.

R9 Ensure that operating procedures adequately address:

- provision of reasons for decisions;
- provision of interim decisions;
- consideration of each element of a complaint;
- criteria for escalation in handling;

- handling of complaints that fall within the scope of the Whistleblowing Policy; and
- offering complainants the opportunity to seek review of a decision.

R10 Prioritise system developments to capture:

- the remedy being sought; and
- systemic issues in a structured way, to facilitate learning and improvement.

R11 Establish and implement procedures for quality assurance of all departmental procedures for handling complaints.

R12 Establish and implement procedures for monitoring departmental compliance with corporate policy.

Analysis

27. To secure best value from complaints, handling organisations should look beyond individual complaints to learn in a structured way from complaints as a whole by considering:
- lessons to improve public services; and
 - lessons about complaints handling.
28. The Government has:
- in the Customer Feedback Policy, recognised the importance and value of analysis of complaints;

- implemented a system to capture and allow reporting of key metrics about complaints; and
 - provided reporting on complaints to the Executive Leadership Team and departmental management.
29. The value of analysis is reduced by the absence of mechanisms to confirm the completeness and accuracy of data captured by the Customer Feedback Management System. Anecdotal evidence suggests that in some areas there is significant failure to identify and log complaints received. For example, management has indicated that complaints associated with the new Income Tax system were not recorded in the Customer Feedback Management System during the period of transition from the old system to the new system. This is despite the Customer Feedback Management System being designed to include feedback on Government policy as well as service delivery.
30. Currently, a limited range of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) is reported to the Executive Leadership Team and senior departmental management (see Exhibit 6).

Exhibit 6: Key Performance Indicators in relation to complaints

Measure	Period covered
Number of items of feedback split by complaint/ comment/ suggestion/ compliment	Cumulative for year to date
Number of items of feedback split by complaint/ comment/ suggestion/ compliment	Monthly for year to date
Number of complaints analysed by type (error/ process/ policy/ staff conduct/ customer service/ staff attitude/ staff behaviour/ unassigned)	Cumulative for year to date
Key themes of complaints	Cumulative for year to date

Measure	Period covered
Number of items of feedback split by complaint/ comment/ suggestion/ compliment split by department	Cumulative for year to date

Source: Government of Jersey CFMS monthly reports

31. The value of the current reporting is limited:

- information is not captured about the characteristics or geographical location of complaints. These dimensions are therefore not reflected in the KPIs;
- information is not captured about whether complaints expose weaknesses or raise questions about integrity or reputation. Nor is information about instances where the conduct of the complainant is regarded as unreasonable captured. There are therefore no KPIs in these areas;
- information is not reported on the extent to which complaints are upheld or not;
- the reporting of themes from complaints is judgemental and does not include quantified measures;
- there are no KPIs reported relating to the efficiency and effectiveness of complaints handling. A software problem means that the Customer Management Feedback System is not currently able to report on the timeliness of handling of complaints. There are no mechanisms for securing, capturing and reporting on feedback from complainants about their satisfaction with the complaints handling process; and
- not all KPIs have targets against which performance in handling and learning from complaints can be measured.

32. At its inception the Customer Feedback Policy set out a number of objectives for complaints handling, such as accessibility, responsiveness, flexibility, objectivity, fairness and confidentiality. Reporting and KPIs do not explicitly reflect measurement of performance against those objectives.
33. The Customer Feedback Management System can be a valuable source of information about the performance of individual members of staff and teams. However, information is not currently routinely used to support performance management.

Recommendations

- R13** Develop a clear plan for improvement in data quality regarding complaints and monitor its implementation.
- R14** Expand data capture and KPIs to cover:
- characteristics of complainants;
 - geographical spread;
 - complaints that expose weaknesses or raise questions about integrity and reputation;
 - instances of unreasonable behaviour by complainants;
 - the outcome of complaints;
 - the themes from complaints on a structured basis; and
 - measures of efficiency and effectiveness of complaints handling, including the timeliness of complaints handling and complainant satisfaction.
- R15** Set targets for all KPIs.

- R16** Ensure that KPIs facilitate measurement of performance against the objectives of the Customer Feedback Policy.
- R17** Develop plans to use information from the Customer Feedback Management System for performance management purposes.

Culture

34. The effectiveness of arrangements for handling and learning from complaints is underpinned by the culture of an organisation. Complaint handling works best where there is a shared view that complaints are valued as an opportunity to learn and thereby to improve public services.
35. In the context of a wider transformation of public services, the establishment of the Customer Feedback Project, development of a Customer Strategy and development of the Customer Feedback Policy, were important steps in establishing a culture that embraced complaints.
36. However, it will take time and further effort to embed such a culture. Some of the issues identified above, such as low take-up of training and issues with completeness of capture of complaints on the Customer Feedback Management System, may reflect an embedded culture that does not value complaints and sees them as a threat.
37. Some aspects of current arrangements may reinforce elements of the departmental culture that management is seeking to tackle. The relatively limited role of the corporate team discussed above means, for example, that there is no explicit mechanism for considering the adequacy of resourcing of complaints across Government and reallocating resources as appropriate.
38. Tackling those cultural barriers is not easy but may include identifying metrics to evaluate the extent to which the Government's objectives on complaints are understood and owned and using those to drive improvement.

Recommendations

- R18** Identify and use relevant metrics to evaluate the extent to which the Government's objectives in relation to complaints are consistently understood and owned.
- R19** Develop plans for a relaunch of the Customer Feedback Policy to staff following further work to secure management buy-in and implementation of the recommendations about complaints management contained in this report.

Appendix One

Audit Approach

The review included the following key elements:

- review of relevant documentation provided by the States of Jersey;
- review of web pages and online systems; and
- interviews with key officers within the States of Jersey.

The documentation reviewed included:

- drafts of the Customer Feedback Policy;
- the published Customer Feedback Policy;
- presentations to and responses from:
 - the Executive Management Board and Executive Leadership Team;
 - the Senior Management Group; and
 - the Council of Ministers;
- Project Plan and progress reports for the implementation of the Customer Feedback Policy;
- the Customer Feedback Project risk register;
- material from the stakeholder workshops;
- training material;
- Health and Community Services documented complaints procedure;
- early reports from the Customer Feedback Management System;

- reports from the Jersey Complaints Panel; and
- the Customer Feedback project close down review.

The following officers were interviewed:

- Director General, Customer and Local Services;
- Group Director, Customer Services;
- Project Manager, Customer Feedback Project;
- Customer Feedback Manager;
- Head of Customer Experience;
- Departmental leads for customer feedback;
- A complainant;
- Head of Organisational Development; and
- Head of Team Jersey.

I would like to thank all officers who have contributed to this report.

The fieldwork was carried out by an affiliate working for the Comptroller and Auditor General.

Appendix Two

Summary of recommendations

- R1** Include in the planned post-implementation review consideration of solutions to the current barriers to access, including for:
- children and young people;
 - people with sensory disabilities;
 - those whose first language is not English; and
 - those with learning and reading difficulties.
- R2** Explicitly state in the Customer Feedback Policy and in relevant literature and communications that there is no charge for complaints handling.
- R3** Develop and agree a corporate process so that departments can obtain assurance that:
- contracted out service providers have an accessible and comprehensive complaints management process;
 - contracted out service providers and departments have a shared understanding of the scope and responsibilities of each other's complaints processes; and
 - there are mutually agreed approaches to handling complaints relating to more than one public body, including coverage of information exchanges, joint working and monitoring the effectiveness of handling such complaints.

- R4** Develop and adopt a common role description for key departmental staff involved in handling complaints.
- R5** Develop, agree and implement corporate arrangements for support, including training for and oversight of departmental complaints handlers.
- R6** Develop, adopt, roll out and monitor compliance with corporate standards for promoting awareness of complaints handling processes for volunteers.
- R7** Identify barriers to take-up of mandatory on-line training and take appropriate corrective action.
- R8** Develop, adopt and roll out operating procedures and model documentation to support application of the Customer Feedback Policy covering:
- initial contact;
 - complaint assessment and assignment of priority;
 - planning of the complaint investigation;
 - securing fairness in the investigation;
 - complaint response;
 - review of complaints; and
 - identification of systemic issues.
- R9** Ensure that operating procedures adequately address:
- provision of reasons for decisions;
 - provision of interim decisions;
 - consideration of each element of a complaint;

- criteria for escalation in handling;
- handling of complaints that fall within the scope of the Whistleblowing Policy; and
- offering complainants the opportunity to seek review of a decision.

R10 Prioritise system developments to capture:

- the remedy being sought; and
- systemic issues in a structured way, to facilitate learning and improvement.

R11 Establish and implement procedures for quality assurance of all departmental procedures for handling complaints.

R12 Establish and implement procedures for monitoring departmental compliance with corporate policy.

R13 Develop a clear plan for improvement in data quality regarding complaints and monitor its implementation.

R14 Expand data capture and KPIs to cover:

- characteristics of complainants;
- geographical spread;
- complaints that expose weaknesses or raise questions about integrity and reputation;
- instances of unreasonable behaviour by complainants;
- the outcome of complaints;
- the themes from complaints on a structured basis; and

- measures of efficiency and effectiveness of complaints handling, including the timeliness of complaints handling and complainant satisfaction.

R15 Set targets for all KPIs.

R16 Ensure that KPIs facilitate measurement of performance against the objectives of the Customer Feedback Policy.

R17 Develop plans to use information from the Customer Feedback Management System for performance management purposes.

R18 Identify and use relevant metrics to evaluate the extent to which the Government's objectives in relation to complaints are consistently understood and owned.

R19 Develop plans for a relaunch of the Customer Feedback Policy to staff following further work to secure management buy-in and implementation of the recommendations about complaints management contained in this report.



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